

GRUPO CEMENTOS DE CHIHUAHUA



April 24, 2001

Grupo Cementos de Chihuahua's performance during the first quarter of 2001

Grupo Cementos de Chihuahua, successfully concluded the acquisition of the assets of Dacotah Cement on March 16, 2001, through its subsidiary GCC Dacotah, Inc.

Through this acquisition, which provides GCC's United States Division with strategic assets, GCC will increase its annual cement production capacity by approximately 1,050,000 short tons (950,000 metric tons).

The acquisition included the fixed assets and working capital of Dacotah Cement. The fixed assets are comprised of the cement production plant in Rapid City, South Dakota; five cement distribution terminals in Sioux Falls and Watertown, South Dakota; Casper, Wyoming; Scottsbluff, Nebraska, and Denver, Colorado, as well as two transfer stations located in Moorcroft, Wyoming and Brookings, South Dakota.

The transaction, valued at US\$252 million, included working capital of US\$18 million and US\$69 million in cash. GCC financed part of the acquisition with US\$183 million in debt and the remaining amount with the cash acquired in the transaction.

In this way, the results obtained by GCC in the first quarter of 2001 include two weeks of operations of the new subsidiary, GCC Dacotah, Inc.

Grupo Cementos de Chihuahua's net sales in the first quarter of 2001 totaled 720.1 million pesos, reflecting an increase of 8.8% in real terms compared to net sales in the same quarter of 2000. This was achieved despite the economic slowdown phase that both Mexico and the United States are undergoing.

During the first quarter of 2001, 69.1% of the company's sales were in the domestic market (497.7 million pesos), reflecting 10.1% growth compared to the same quarter of 2000. The sales breakdown was as follows: 46.7% in cement and mortar, 30.5% in ready-mix concrete, 6.3% in concrete block, 4.2% in aggregates and 12.3% in other products.

Of the company's quarterly sales, 30.9% were in the United States (US\$23.4 million, equivalent to 222.4 million pesos). Sales growth was 9.9% in dollar terms, and the sales breakdown was: 82.8% in cement and mortar, and 17.2% in ready-mix concrete.

Operating income in the first quarter of 2001 was 191.3 million pesos, posting a 2.7% increase, in real terms, compared to the same quarter of 2000, and obtaining an operating margin of 26.6%.

The operating cash flow generated (operating income plus depreciation and amortization or EBITDA) was 249.1 million pesos, a 4.6% increase compared to the first quarter of 2000. This represented 34.6% of sales.

Net financial cost (interest expense minus interest income) reported during the quarter was 17.7 million pesos, 27.3% higher than in 2000, due to interest payments derived from debt acquired to purchase the assets of Dacotah Cement.

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Because of the greater net financing cost and lower income from monetary position, the net comprehensive financing cost was 7.9 million pesos in the quarter.

In other expenses and income, 39.5 million pesos (US\$4.2 million) correspond to deposits (US\$1.5 million) and provisions (US\$2.7 million) made with regard to the antidumping tax on Mexican cement imports to the United States. The amount reported for this item during the quarter is 9.6% greater than that of the same quarter of 2000, due to greater volumes of exported cement.

The net consolidated income obtained during the first quarter of 2001 was 104.4 million pesos, 7.4% lower than in the same quarter of 2000. This was due mainly to a greater net financing cost, lower income from monetary position and higher deposits and provisions for the antidumping tax.

The incorporation of the assets of Dacotah Cement brought Grupo Cementos de Chihuahua's total assets to 7,228.2 million pesos, as of March 21, 2001. This figure is 37.2% greater, in real terms than assets reported as of March 31, 2000.

Total liabilities of GCC as of March 31, 2001 were 3,936.7 million pesos, 70.3% greater than those reported on March 31, 2000. This was due to debt contracted to acquire Dacotah Cement. In the same manner, the company's net debt (cost-bearing debt minus cash and investments) grew to 1,822.1 million pesos.

Short-term cost-bearing debt as of March 31, 2001 is 164.2 million pesos, of which 123.9 million pesos (U.S.\$13.0 million) is denominated in U.S. dollars. The company's long-term bank debt is 2,363.9 million pesos, of which 2,169.5 million pesos (US\$228.4 million) is denominated in U.S. dollars.

The company's total debt in millions of constant pesos of March 31, 2001 and in U.S. millions is:

	Mar 01	Dec 00	Mar 00	Mar 01 / Dec 00	Mar 01 / Mar 00
Pesos	MX\$ 234.8	MX\$ 247.7	MX\$ 288.7	-5.2%	-18.7%
Dollars	US\$ 241.4	US\$ 51.7	US\$ 70.0	367.0%	244.9%

Average cost of the company's bank debt denominated in U.S. dollars was 7.15% during the first quarter, while debt denominated in Mexican currency had a cost of 19.85% during the same period.

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Sales Volumes

	<u>1Q01 / 1Q00</u>
Cement in Mexico	15.2%
Cement in U.S.	3.9%
Total cement sales	9.3%
Concrete in Mexico	26.9%
Concrete in U.S.	-25.7%
Total concrete sales	10.9%
Concrete block in Mexico	42.0%
Aggregates in México	29.0%

GCC's cement sales volumes, both in Mexico and the United States, were benefited mainly from the construction of road infrastructure. The main highway construction project in the state of Chihuahua, which had a positive influence on the volumes sold during the first quarter, is expected to conclude in the month of April of this year.

Of GCC's cement volumes sold in the United States market, 56.6% was supplied through exports from the Samalayuca plant.

Of GCC's total cement sales in tons, 50.9% was in the Mexican market, and 49.1% was in the United States market.

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Income Statement (Thousands of pesos as of March 31st, 2001)

	1Q 2001		1Q 2000		1Q01 / 1Q00
Net sales	720,100	100.0%	661,700	100.0%	8.8%
Domestic sales	497,711	69.1%	451,900	68.3%	10.1%
Foreign sales	222,389	30.9%	209,800	31.7%	6.0%
Cost of sales	449,400	62.4%	404,600	61.1%	11.1%
Gross income	270,700	37.6%	257,100	38.9%	5.3%
Operating expenses	79,400	11.0%	70,900	10.7%	12.0%
Operating income	191,300	26.6%	186,200	28.1%	2.7%
Financing costs					
Financial expenses	34,600	4.8%	28,000	4.2%	23.6%
Financial income	(16,900)	-2.3%	(14,100)	-2.1%	19.9%
Monetary effect	(9,700)	-1.3%	(27,600)	-4.2%	-64.9%
Exchange loss	(100)	0.0%	(300)	0.0%	-66.7%
Total	7,900	1.1%	(14,000)	-2.1%	-156.4%
Other financial costs	52,900	7.3%	44,900	6.8%	17.8%
Income before taxes and profit sharing	130,500	18.1%	155,300	23.5%	-16.0%
Taxes and profit sharing	26,100	3.6%	42,500	6.4%	-38.6%
Net consolidated income	104,400	14.5%	112,800	17.0%	-7.4%
Net income of majority interest	104,372	14.5%	112,768	17.0%	-7.4%
Net income of minority interest	28	0.0%	32	0.0%	-12.5%
Ebitda	249,100	34.6%	238,200	36.0%	4.6%
Net financial expenses	17,700	2.5%	13,900	2.1%	27.3%

	Last 12 m	%	Last 12 m	%	Variation %
	Mar-01		Mar-00		
Net sales	2,897,794	100.0%	2,644,892	100.0%	9.6%
Operating income	792,556	27.4%	757,154	28.6%	4.7%
EBITDA	989,456	34.1%	948,925	35.9%	4.3%
Net consolidated income	495,314	17.1%	444,222	16.8%	11.5%

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Balance sheet

(Thousands of pesos as of March 31st, 2001)

	31-Mar-2001	31-Mar-2000	Variation
Total assets	7,228,200	5,267,300	37.2%
Current assets	1,888,500	1,448,400	30.4%
<i>Cash and temporary investments</i>	<i>706,000</i>	<i>661,000</i>	6.8%
Long term assets	55,900	60,500	-7.6%
Fixed assets	4,357,000	3,639,100	19.7%
Other assets	926,800	119,300	676.9%
Total liabilities	3,936,700	2,312,200	70.3%
Current liabilities	419,600	350,000	19.9%
<i>Bank debt</i>	<i>164,200</i>	<i>163,300</i>	0.6%
Long term liabilities	2,363,900	811,000	191.5%
<i>Bank debt</i>	<i>2,363,900</i>	<i>811,000</i>	191.5%
Differed taxes	878,400	997,700	-12.0%
Other liabilities	274,800	153,500	79.0%
Consolidated stockholder's equity	3,291,500	2,955,100	11.4%
Majority interest	3,290,585	2,954,200	11.4%
Minority interest	915	900	1.7%